

EDUCATIONAL REFORMS UNDERTAKEN DURING THE TERM OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN SHAVKAT MIRZIYOYEV

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Abstract

This article analyzes the reforms in the education system being implemented at the initiative of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev. The changes being made in the processes from preschool to higher education, innovative approaches and directions for the implementation of international experiences are considered. The impact of these reforms on national development is also studied.

Keywords: Educational reforms, preschool education, international standards, higher education, innovations, personnel training.

Introduction

The education system is of strategic importance in the development of any society. The education sector is the basis of the country's economy, social stability and technological progress. Under the leadership of Shavkat Mirziyoyev, comprehensive reforms are being implemented in the education sector in Uzbekistan. These reforms are aimed at forming an education system that meets modern requirements and international standards. The article examines the main directions of the reforms and their impact on the country's development.

1. Reforms in the preschool education system

The preschool education system plays an important role in the intellectual and social development of the younger generation. At the initiative of President Shavkat Mirziyoyev, the Ministry of Preschool Education was established in 2017, and fundamental reforms began in the field. The coverage of preschool educational institutions was increased from 27 percent to 67 percent. Programs based on international methodologies were introduced. New kindergartens were established on the basis of public-private partnerships, and the level of children's readiness for education significantly improved. Shavkat Mirziyoyev attached great importance to supporting the activities of the private sector in the field of preschool education. The state provided subsidies and tax incentives to entrepreneurs, and the number of non-state preschool educational institutions increased sharply. New pedagogical programs and teaching methodologies based on international experience were introduced in preschool educational institutions.

New programs include:

Activities aimed at developing children's creative and intellectual abilities ·

· Start using digital technologies and information technologies.



· Development and implementation of multilingual educational programs.

Programs for training and advanced training of pedagogical personnel for preschool educational institutions have been improved. Teachers are participating in international trainings and mastering modern methods. Projects on the development of preschool education are being implemented in cooperation with international organizations, in particular, UNICEF and UNESCO. These partnerships have made it possible to improve the quality of preschool education and introduce innovative approaches.

In recent years, digital technologies have been introduced into the preschool education system. Interactive games and educational materials have been developed for children, and opportunities for parents to manage institutions remotely have been created. Changes in the preschool education system under Shavkat Mirziyoyev have opened up new opportunities for ensuring the intellectual development of children. The scope and quality of preschool education have significantly increased, and the system has been brought into line with international standards. These reforms will ensure high results at all stages of the country's education system in the future.

2. Innovations in general secondary education

The development of the general secondary education system is one of the main directions of the Presidential reforms. The revision of textbooks in accordance with modern requirements, integration into international assessment systems, and teacher training are among the important achievements in this area.

Special classes in the field of information technologies have been opened, and digital literacy curricula have been introduced. As of 2023, more than 50 percent of schools in Uzbekistan are connected to the Internet.

3. Modernization of the higher education system

Higher education is a priority area of the education system in Uzbekistan. According to presidential decrees, admission quotas have been significantly expanded, and the number of higher education institutions has been increased. Joint programs with foreign universities have been established.

A distance learning system has been introduced in higher education, creating opportunities for students from all regions of the country. In addition, private universities and colleges have been allowed to operate, introducing a competitive environment into the education system.

4. International cooperation in education

Strengthening international cooperation in the field of education serves to strengthen Uzbekistan's position in the global arena. Training programs are being implemented in collaboration with leading universities in the USA, Europe, and Asia.

Youth technoparks and modern laboratories are being established, stimulating students' interest in scientific activities. Special grant programs in the field of IT and technology were introduced in 2023.



5. Introduction of innovations and technologies

The introduction of modern technologies into the education system has brought the sector to a new level. The use of information technologies, electronic textbooks, and distance learning platforms are increasing the digital literacy of the younger generation.

Conclusion

The educational reforms carried out under the leadership of Shavkat Mirziyoyev are creating a solid foundation for the development of Uzbekistan. These reforms serve to improve the knowledge and skills of the younger generation and strengthen the country's influence in the international arena. Further deepening of the reforms is expected in the future.

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