

WOMEN SCIENTISTS WHO HAVE CONTRIBUTED TO THE SCIENCE OF HISTORY IN NEW UZBEKISTAN

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Abstract:

In this article, the activities of creative intellectuals in the years of independence, including the work of intellectual women working in the education system, historical researches in the higher education system of Uzbekistan, their attitudes and solutions to current problems arising in the field in the era of complex globalization, as well as in international cooperation relations His work and achievements are highlighted.

Keywords: Man, and his interests, innovation, scientific achievements, national independence, development, prosperity, enlightenment, education, higher education, advanced specialist, textbooks.

Introduction

1. Relevance. In the years of independence, the reforms implemented in the republic are at the center of the human being and his interests. The ultimate goal of all changes was to increase the welfare of the population. Since 2017, the country has entered a new stage of its development in all areas. A new era of large-scale restructuring and reforms has begun in all spheres. The main focus was to solve issues and problems of people's interests that have matured for many years. One of the important innovations in the modern history of Uzbekistan was the development of the social sphere [1].

In today's world, it is impossible to imagine the development of any field without innovative ideas and scientific achievements. The greatest wealth of Uzbekistan is the great intellectual and spiritual potential of the people. On the initiative of the head of state, the large-scale work on improving the education and science system in the republic has become one of the socio-political priorities of our country [2].

2. Research methodology. The attitude towards creative intellectuals in Uzbekistan can be seen in the meeting of the President with the representatives of the literature and art sphere, which took place on August 3, 2017. At the meeting of the head of state with the representatives of the creative intellectuals of our country, instructions were given on current issues related to the development of our national culture, literature and art, as well as ways to solve them [3].



Also, the President of our country stated in his speech at the solemn ceremony dedicated to the "Day of Teachers and Trainers" that "... along with many intellectuals, I always think of one idea with a great dream: in our country, the Third Renaissance will take place in the twentieth century. our good old ancestors could do it. Why, these selfless and passionate people devoted their whole lives to the idea of national revival, mobilized all their strength and capabilities to take the country out of ignorance and backwardness, to save our nation from the mire of ignorance. In this way, they also sacrificed their dear lives. They considered the hadith sharif that "There is no salvation except knowledge and it is not possible" as a vital belief. National independence, development and prosperity can be achieved, first of all, through enlightenment, secular and religious knowledge, and deep acquisition of modern sciences [4].

3. Research results. Thanks to the achievement of independence, the women of Uzbekistan gained true equality. Those who made a worthy contribution to the field of science were few at first, but in the following years, the attention given by the state expanded their ranks. Of these, the scientific activity of Professor D. Alimova, one of the women scientists who made a worthy contribution to the science of history, and important issues such as defining and implementing the direction of historical research in Uzbekistan, were included in her methodological ideas. With his researches, views, and research approach, he took a place in modern history science as a scientist who demonstrates its diagnosis and the rules and regulations of the community of historians.

In short, he is a scientist who takes a worthy part in shaping the intellectual landscape of his time. Another important social task of historiography is to illuminate the activities of historians and their participation in the development of science. Therefore, in the work of the historian D. Alimova, issues such as studying the activities of mature historians and teachers, properly assessing their contribution to the development of science, and popularizing the research experience have a special place. D. Alimova devotes a number of her studies to the life and work of scientists B.V. Lunin, R.H. Aminova, F.H. Kasimov, Manash Kozibayev, who made a great contribution to the development of the history of Uzbekistan and Central Asia [5].

Increasing the role of women working in the educational system in the development of our country in the construction of the state and society, determining their socio-political activity, initiative, leadership, and professional skills is the most important issue of today. In particular, there are many of our women scientists who have been contributing to the improvement of the higher education system and the development of science in Uzbekistan.

Another scientist who made a great contribution to the education system of our country is Doctor of History, Professor Yulduz Alimovna Ergasheva. The scientist studied and analyzed the state of public education in Uzbekistan during the Second World War, the achievements and problems of the educational process in the most difficult period of our history, and the role of educators and teachers in the social life. is illuminating. Since 2012, Yulduz Ergasheva has been the head of the Kashkadarya branch of the Women's Association of Uzbekistan "Olima". Professor Yulduz Ergasheva is the author of more than 250 scientific works, 5 monographs, about 40 educational and methodological works, and the head of 3 fundamental and practical



grants. Scientific works devoted to the current problems of cultural studies of the history of Uzbekistan have been published in scientific journals of countries such as Germany, China, India, Bulgaria, the United Arab Emirates, Russia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan and Turkey [6].

It is important that the scientist has about 20 students who are conducting scientific research, and more than 10 of them have obtained the degrees of candidate of historical sciences or doctor of philosophy of historical sciences (PhD).

"The development of society depends on the scope and logic of the reforms being implemented," says Professor Yu. Ergasheva. Only those reforms that are carried out with deep and comprehensive thinking, after identifying which areas need attention, will make the people's problems easier, ease their burdens, make their lives more prosperous, and find solutions to their problems. As a result of the reforms implemented in the educational system, including higher education, the changes taking place are becoming of great historical importance from the socio-political, legal, economic and spiritual point of view. The implemented reforms will not only lead to great positive changes in our country, but will also bring the reputation of our country to a new level in the international arena [7].

In recent years, the issue of remuneration for the work of employees of higher education institutions and their promotion has taken a worthy place in the internal policy (social protection system) of our country. Because the decision of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On measures to improve the remuneration system for employees of higher education and research institutions of the Republic" dated April 5, 2018 PQ No. 3655 is one of the main documents regulating the payment of wages. This decision, which will come into force from September 1, 2018, provides for a significant increase in the salaries of all (basic) basic positions of professors and teachers of 81 higher education institutions and 136 scientific research institutes operating in the Republic of Uzbekistan. holds The decision affects more than 38 thousand people, that is, 28.1 thousand employees in higher education institutions, 8.0 thousand employees in research institutions, as well as 1.9 thousand doctoral students [8].

4. Conclusion

In conclusion, it can be said that the rise of attitude and attention to creative intellectuals in Uzbekistan to the state level and the fundamental changes in their activities were the result of the wishes implemented in the republic. In particular, it is known that on the direct initiative of the head of state, new aspects of these reforms, more appropriate aspects for the peace and well-being of the country are being developed. Also, in our country, priority tasks such as the attention to the development of science, the further development of the personnel training system, and the training of qualified specialists in the field are increasing day by day. The plan for the development of the field of education and science in the higher education system specified in paragraph 4.4 of the "Strategy of actions on the five priority directions of the development of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2017-2021" adopted at the initiative of President Shavkat Mirziyoyev. It will be a prelude to the news and changes that you want to receive [9].



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